

Seattle Sperm Bank



April 30, 2013

Seattle Sperm Bank  
4915 25th Ave Ne Ste 204  
SEATTLE, WA 98105

Test Results of: 9601, DONOR  
DOB: [REDACTED] Age: 34.9 Y Sex: M  
Collected on: 04/25/2013  
Received on: 04/25/2013  
Reported on: 04/30/2013

Branch Number: WAB55  
Account Number: [REDACTED]  
Specimen Number: 115-129-0686-0  
Specimen Type: Blood

Patient ID#:

Physician: 3479899

Test: Cystic Fibrosis, DNA Analysis

RESULTS: Negative for 32 mutations analyzed

INTERPRETATION:

This individual is negative for the mutations analyzed. This negative result may need further interpretation depending on the clinical indication. This result reduces but does not eliminate the risk to be a CF carrier.

COMMENTS:

The detection rate varies with ethnicity and is listed below. The presence of an undetected mutation in the CF gene cannot be ruled out. In the absence of family history, the remaining risk that a person with a negative result could have at least one CF mutation is listed in the table. If there is a family history of CF, these risk figures do not apply. As detailed information regarding this individual's family history would permit a more accurate assessment of this individual's risk to be a carrier of cystic fibrosis, please contact LabCorp-Esoterix at (888) 690-3935 for a revised report.

| Mutation Detection Rates among Ethnic Groups | Detection rates are based on mutation frequencies in patients affected with cystic fibrosis. Among individuals with an atypical or mild presentation (e.g. congenital absence of the vas deferens, pancreatitis) detection rates may vary from those provided here: |                |
|--|---|----------------|
| Ethnicity                                    | Carrier risk reduction when no family history   | Detection Rate |
| Ashkenazi Jewish                             | 1/26 to 1/834   | 97%            |
| Caucasian (non-Hispanic)                     | 1/25 to 1/240   | 90%            |
| African-American                             | 1/65 to 1/207   | 69%            |
| Hispanic                                     | 1/46 to 1/168   | 73%            |
| Asian  | 1/94 to 1/208   | 55%            |

This interpretation is based on the clinical and family relationship information provided and the current understanding of the molecular genetics of this condition.

MUTATIONS ANALYZED:

|       |       |       |           |            |               |          |
|-------|-------|-------|-----------|------------|---------------|----------|
| G85E  | A455E | S549N | R1162X    | 711+1 G→T  | 2184delA      |          |
| R117H | ΔI507 | S549R | W1282X    | 1078delT   | 2789+5 G→A    | 3876delA |
| R334W | ΔF508 | G551D | N1303K    | 1717-1 G→A | 3120+1 G→A    | 3905insT |
| R347H | V520F | R553X | 394delTT  | 1898+1 G→A | 3659delC      |          |
| R347P | G542X | R560T | 621+1 G→T | 2183AA→G   | 3849+10kb C→T |          |

METHODS/LIMITATIONS:

DNA is isolated from the sample and tested for the 32 CF mutations on the Universal Array Platform (Luminex). Regions of the CFTR gene are amplified enzymatically and subjected to a solution-phase multiplex allele-specific primer extension with subsequent hybridization to a bead array and fluorescence detection. Polymorphisms F508C, I506V, and I507V are included in this panel to rule out false positive deltaF508 homozygotes. Reflex testing of 5T is included in the panel for R117H interpretation. False positive or negative results may occur for reasons that include genetic variants, blood transfusions, bone marrow transplantation, erroneous representation of family relationships or contamination of a fetal sample with maternal cells. The assay provides information intended to be used for carrier screening in adults of reproductive age, as an aid in newborn screening, and as a confirmatory test for another medically established diagnosis in newborns and children. The test is not intended for use in fetal diagnostic testing, pre-implantation screening, or for any stand-alone diagnostic purposes without confirmation by another medically established diagnostic product or procedure.

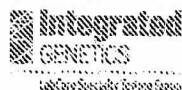
REFERENCES:

1. Updates on Carrier Screening for Cystic Fibrosis, (2011) Am J Ob Gynecol 117(4):1028-1031.
2. Watson, et al. (2004) Genet Med 6:387-91
3. Richards, et al. (2002) Genet Med 4:379-391
4. Preconception and prenatal carrier screening for cystic fibrosis: (2001)ACOG.ACMG publication

Results Released By: Samuel H. Pepkowitz, M.D., Medical Director  
Report Released By: Samuel H. Pepkowitz, M.D., Medical Director

Samuel H. Pepkowitz, MD  
Medical Director, Esoterix

LabCorp - Esoterix  
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### SMN1 Copy Number Analysis

**Patient Name:** Donor 9601

**DOB:** [REDACTED]  
**SSN #:** [REDACTED]

**Age:** 34 yrs  
**Gender:** Male

803037 / 803038  
 Seattle Sperm Bank  
 4915 25th Avenue East  
 Suite 204W  
 Seattle, WA 98105  
 USA

**Specimen #:** 62378334-1

**Case #:** 62268732

**Patient ID #:** 61967043

**Date Collected:** 04/25/2013

**Date Received:** 04/26/2013

**Referring Physician:** Jeffrey Olliffe

**Genetic Counselor:**

**Client Lab ID #:**

**Hospital ID #:**

**Specimen ID #:**

**Specimen(s) Received:** 1 - Yellow (ACD) 7 ml round bottom tube(s)

**Specimen Type:** Peripheral blood

**Clinical Data:** Not Provided

**Ethnicity:** Caucasian

**RESULTS:** SMN1 copy number: 2 (Reduced Carrier Risk)

**INTERPRETATION:**

This individual has an SMN1 copy number of two. This result reduces but does not eliminate the risk to be a carrier of SMA. Information regarding clinical indication may provide a more detailed interpretation.

**COMMENT:**

Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) is an autosomal recessive disease of variable age of onset and severity caused by mutations (most often deletions or gene conversions) in the survival motor neuron (SMN1) gene. Molecular testing assesses the number of copies of the SMN1 gene. Individuals with one copy of the SMN1 gene are predicted to be carriers of SMA. Individuals with two or more copies have a reduced risk to be carriers. (Affected individuals have 0 copies of the SMN1 gene.)

This copy number analysis cannot detect individuals who are carriers of SMA as a result of either 2 (or very rarely 3) copies of the SMN1 gene on one chromosome and the absence of the SMN1 gene on the other chromosome or small intragenic mutations within the SMN1 gene. This analysis also will not detect germline mosaicism or mutations in genes other than SMN1. Additionally, de novo mutations have been reported in approximately 2% of SMA patients.

| Carrier Frequency and Risk Reductions for Individuals with No Family History of SMA |  |                                 |  |  |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Ethnicity   | Detection Rate <sup>1</sup>  | Prior Carrier Risk <sup>1</sup> | Reduced Carrier Risk for 2 copy result | Reduced Carrier Risk for 3 copy result |
| Caucasian   | 94.8%  | 1:47                            | 1:834                                  | 1:5,600                                |
| Ashkenazi Jewish  | 90.5%  | 1:67                            | 1:611                                  | 1:5,400                                |
| Asian   | 93.3%  | 1:59                            | 1:806                                  | 1:5,600                                |
| Hispanic  | 90.0%  | 1:68                            | 1:579                                  | 1:5,400                                |
| African American  | 70.5%  | 1:72                            | 1:130                                  | 1:4,200                                |
| Asian Indian  | 90.2%  | 1:52                            | 1:443                                  | 1:5,400                                |
| Mixed or Other Ethnic Background  | For counseling purposes, consider using the ethnic background with the most conservative risk estimates. |                                 |  |  |

**METHOD/LIMITATIONS:** Specimen DNA is isolated and amplified by real-time polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for exon 7 of the SMN1 gene and the internal standard reference genes. A mathematical algorithm is used to calculate and report SMN1 copy numbers of 0, 1, 2 and 3. Based upon this analysis, an upper limit of 3 represents the highest degree of accuracy in reporting SMN1 copy number with statistical confidence. Sequencing of the primer and probe binding sites is performed on all fetal samples and samples with one copy of SMN1 by real-time PCR to rule out the presence of sequence variants which could interfere with analysis and interpretation. False positive or negative results may occur for reasons that include genetic variants, blood transfusions, bone marrow transplantation, erroneous representation of family relationships or contamination of a fetal sample with maternal cells.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Sugamman EA, Nagan N, Zhu H, et al. Pan-ethnic carrier screening and prenatal diagnosis for spinal muscular atrophy: clinical laboratory analysis of >72,400 specimens. Eur J Hum Genet 2012; 20:27-32.
2. Prior TW, et al. Technical standards and guidelines for spinal muscular atrophy testing. Genet Med 2011; 13(7): 686-694.

The test was developed and its performance characteristics have been determined by Esoterix Genetic Laboratories, LLC. The laboratory is regulated under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA) as qualified to perform high complexity clinical testing. This test must be used in conjunction with clinical assessment, when available. Integrated Genetics is a business unit of Esoterix Genetic Laboratories, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Laboratory Corporation of America Holdings.

Electronically Signed by: Zhaoqing Zhou, Ph.D., FACMG, on 04/30/2013

Reported by: /



Seattle Sperm Bank

4915 25th Ave Ne Ste 204  
SEATTLE, WA 98105  
Ph: (206)588-1484  
Fax: (206) 588-1485 WAB-55

**LCLS Specimen Number: 115-129-0686-0**

Patient Name: **9601, DONOR**

Date of Birth: [REDACTED]

Gender: M

Patient ID:

Lab Number: (J13-1110 L

Indications: DONOR

Account Number: [REDACTED]

Ordering Physician: **Dr. OLLIFFE**

Specimen Type: **BLOOD**

Date Collected: 04/25/2013

Date Received: 04/26/2013

CoPath Number:

Client Reference:

Test: **Chromosome, Blood, Routine**

Date Reported: **05/03/2013**

Cells Counted: 15

Cells Karyotyped: 2

Cells Analyzed: 5

Band Resolution: 750

**CYTOGENETIC RESULT: 46,XY**

**INTERPRETATION: NORMAL MALE KARYOTYPE**

Cytogenetic analysis of PHA stimulated cultures has revealed a MALE karyotype with an apparently normal GTG banding pattern in all cells observed.

This result does not exclude the possibility of subtle rearrangements below the resolution of cytogenetics or congenital anomalies due to other etiologies.



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**Ordering Physician:** Dr. OLLIFFE  
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Ordering Physician: **Dr. OLLIFFE**

Specimen Type: **BLOOD**

Date Collected: 04/25/2013

Date Received: 04/26/2013

CoPath Number:

Client Reference:

Elisabeth Keitges PhD, FACMG  
Board Certified Cytogeneticist

David Corwin, M.D.  
Medical Director  
Peter Papenhausen, PhD  
National Director of Cytogenetics

Test Site: Dynacare Laboratories  
550 17th Ave. Suite 200, SEATTLE, WA, 98122-5789 (206) 861-7050

Professional Component performed by LabCorp/Dynacare CLIA 50D0632667, 550 17th Ave. Suite 200, Seattle WA 98122-5789. Medical Director, David Corwin, MD  
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